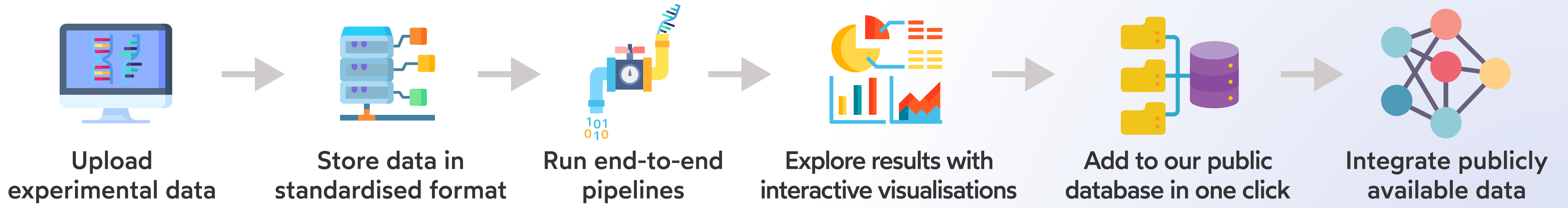




Scan me



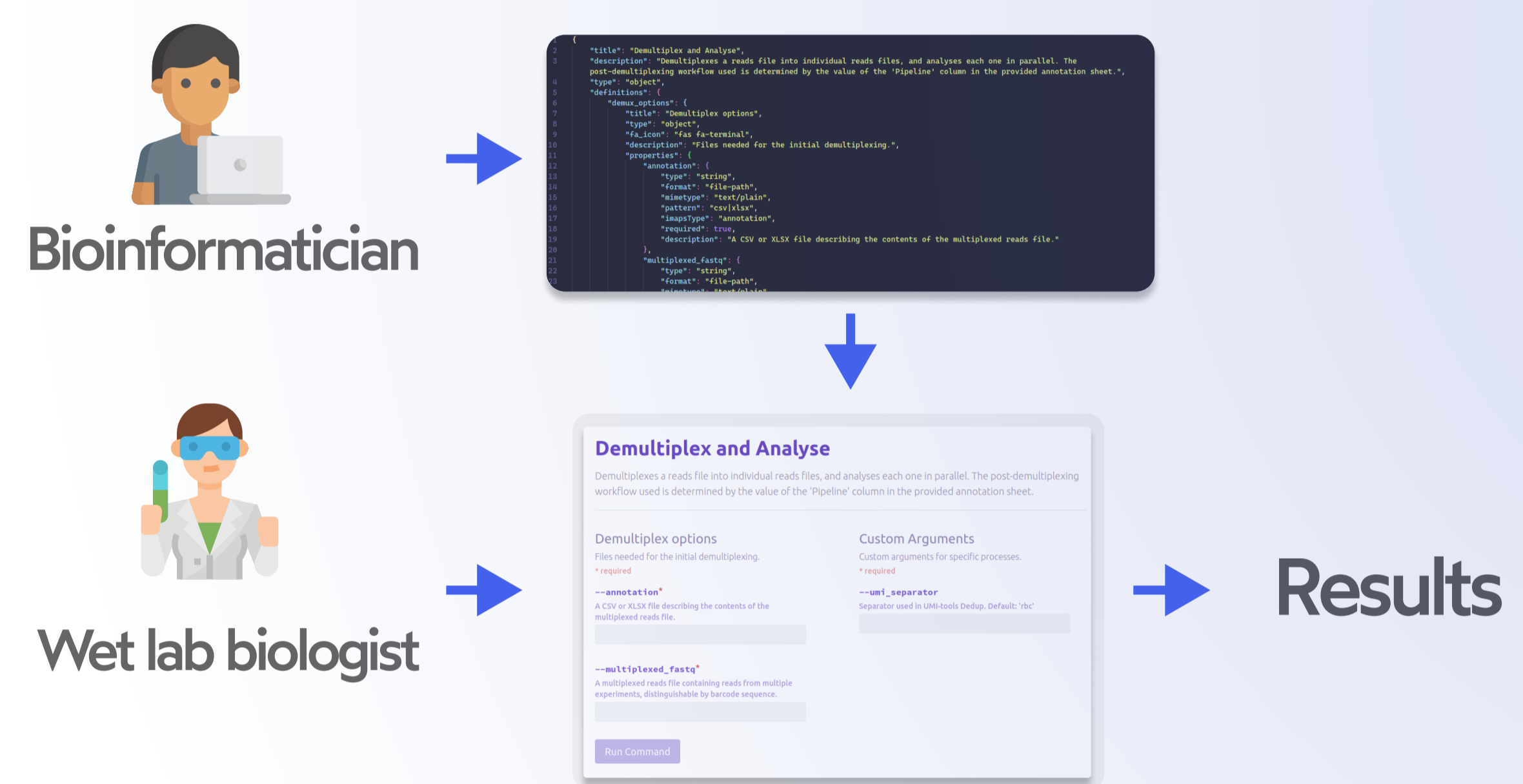
## Flow in 6 steps:



## Modern bioinformatics still has issues

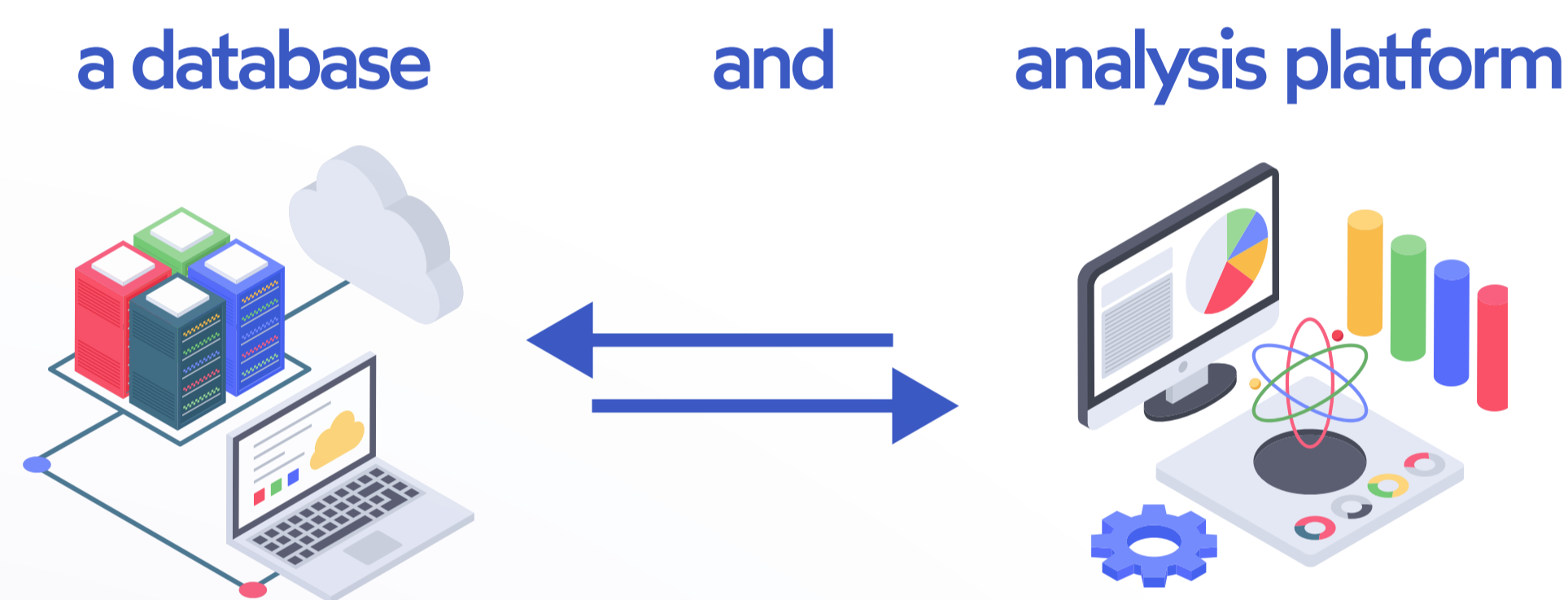
- **Nextflow** and **nf-core** have revolutionised reproducibility and reduced complexity in bioinformatics, but access and data organisation can still be improved.
- Academic databases often decay rapidly because one lab or consortium is responsible for maintenance.
- Data is often separated from analyses that created it and QC, which leads to poor file organisation and inefficient meta-analyses.

## Flow helps bioinformaticians and biologists collaborate more effectively



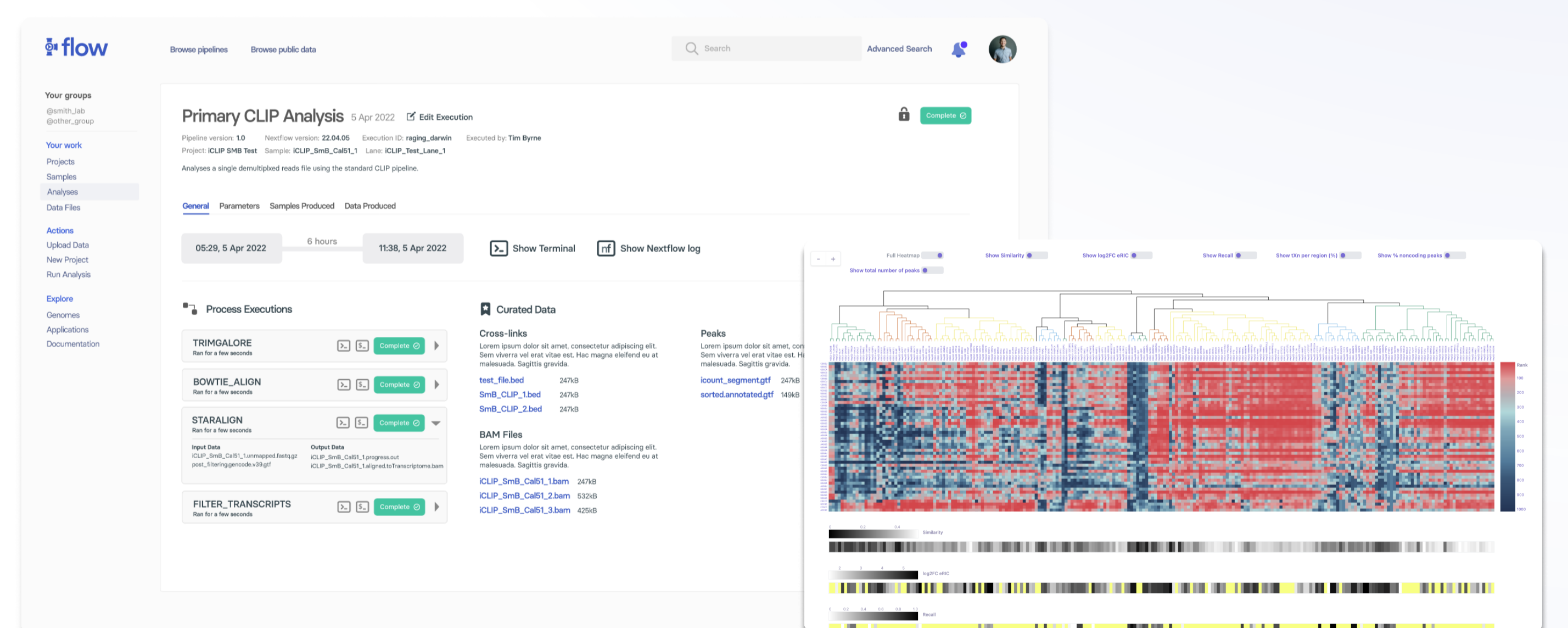
Flow lets bioinformaticians write a single JSON config file, and Flow dynamically renders a web interface for the pipeline with validated inputs, reducing overheads to collaboration

## Enter Flow:



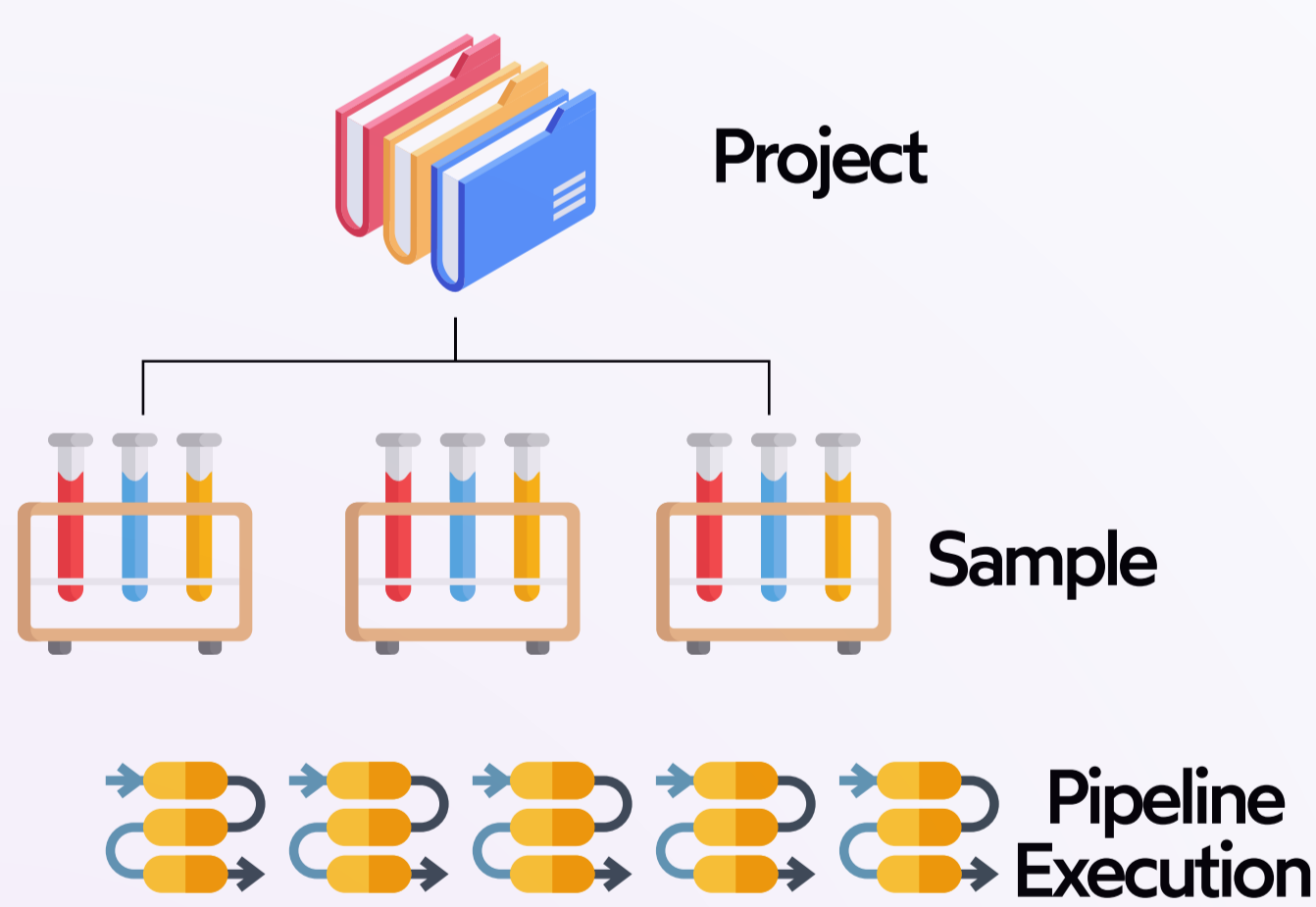
Flow bundles metadata together with the data objects a Nextflow pipeline produces, keeping data **searchable** and **in context**

## View inputs and outputs to every Nextflow pipeline module as they execute in real time



and explore results with custom interactive visualisations

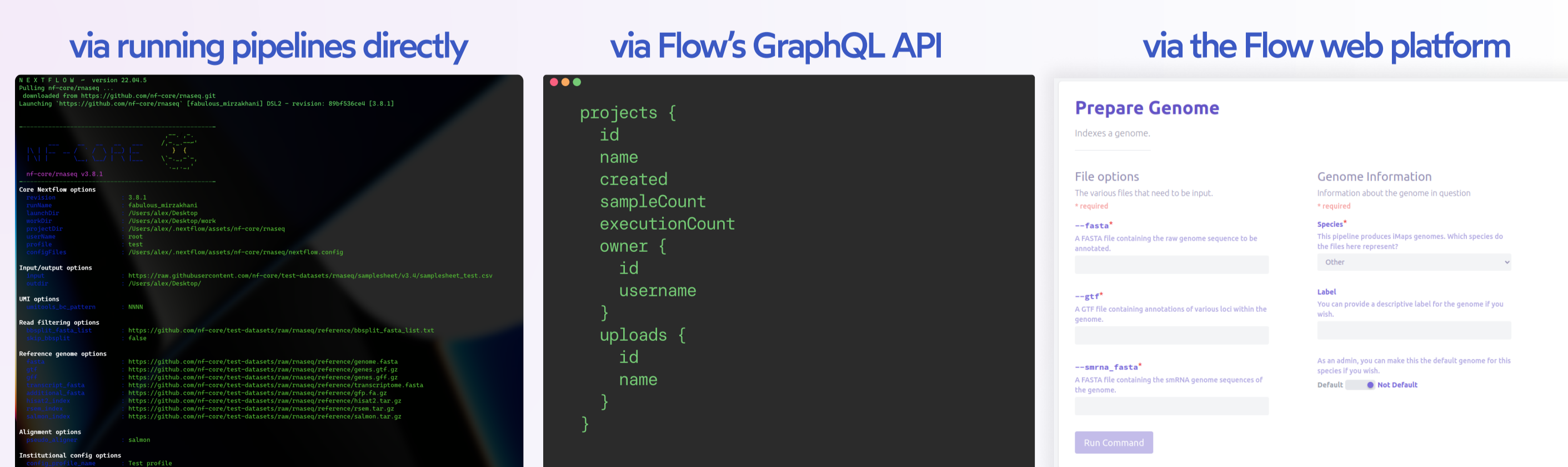
## Analyses and data are stored in a safe, structured way



Flow bundles metadata together with the data objects a Nextflow pipeline produces, keeping data **searchable** and **in context**.

Data are stored securely with **custom permissions**, and are shareable on a per-file, per execution or per-project basis.

## Interact with data via web app, API or command-line



Generate and access the same data and analysis results, every time

Flow is built for the modern web, with the backend in Python, a Javascript React frontend

## How is Flow different to..



Tower allows running of Nextflow pipelines in the cloud through a user interface, but doesn't provide the interactive analysis or powerful data annotation and organisation experience of Flow.



Terra lets users who can code pull data from public databases into workspaces where they can be analysed with code notebooks. Pre-processing is done with a different language called Workflow Description Language (WDL). There is no way to submit your new data to public databases, which rely on a specific team to remain current. Data objects are not directly linked to their metadata or analysis history either.



Galaxy lets users run pipelines through a user interface and store and manage resulting data outputs. Specialist analysis pipelines can be somewhat rigid, with no clear way to provide your input. There is no easy way to integrate your data with all publicly-available data.

## References

The nf-core framework for community-curated bioinformatics pipelines. Ewels et al., 2020. Nat Biotechnology.  
Nextflow enables reproducible computational workflows. Di Tommaso et al., 2017. Nat Biotechnology.  
GraphQL for the delivery of bioinformatics web APIs and application to ZincBind. Ireland & Martin, 2021. Bioinformatics Advances.